Instruct



Author: Yuri Tricys Date: May 05th, 2025



Instruc

Introduction

Maintaining authority in the classroom is crucial for effective teaching and learning. When a teacher's authority is challenged, it can disrupt the entire learning environment. The scenario described involves a corporate trainer facing resistance from a participant, Nelly, which eventually influences other participants. This report provides suggestions on how the trainer can regain authority, strategies to avoid, the motivations behind Nelly's behavior, and key takeaways for proactive and reactive strategies.

Understanding the Roots of Student Challenges

Several resources highlighted various reasons students may challenge authority, including:

- **Resistance to Change:** Students often resist new routines, expectations, or teaching styles because change threatens their comfort and predictability. As noted in educational research, "All humans strive for consistency in their interpretations of situations and in their interactions with others. Consistency breeds predictability which, in turn, leads to feelings of comfort and a sense of self-assurance" (Maag, 2009).
- **Desire for Validation:** Many students seek acknowledgment and validation from both peers and teachers. Dr. Browning observes, "I encourage students to go after the seed. Ask yourself: why am I seeking this validation so aggressively?" (McNerney, 2022).
- **Influence Over Peers:** Sometimes, students challenge authority to gain status or attention among classmates, especially if they feel their influence is at stake (Eberly Center, n.d).

Recognizing these motivations is the first step toward responding constructively. A second step is to seek out resources that offer guidance.

Suggestions From Carnegie Melon University 'Solving a Teacher Problem'

The Carnegie Mellon webpage provided in the resources for the course for which this paper was written provides valuable insights into managing classroom dynamics when students exhibit challenging behavior toward instructors. The resource highlights again that for the student testing the instructor's authority is often an attempt to showcase intellectual superiority, or to target specific instructor demographics. To mitigate this, the webpage offers practical advice, including projecting a confident image, designing a well-structured course, and modeling desired behavior. By implementing these strategies, instructors can establish a positive learning environment and minimize disruptions. The webpage's guidance was instrumental in informing my understanding of effective classroom management techniques. In the remainder of this paper, I cover some of these points in greater detail.

Suggestions for the Teacher to Use

To regain authority and maintain a productive learning environment, the trainer can employ several strategies:

Establishing Authority: Proactive Strategies

1. Establish Clear Expectations

Setting transparent, reasonable, and consistently enforced rules is foundational. "Begin by setting clear, reasonable boundaries that are aligned with your educational goals. These should be communicated from the outset, establishing



what is non-negotiable" (Impact Teachers, 2025). Visual aids, regular reminders, and collaborative rule-setting can reinforce these expectations (Defuse De-Escalation Training, 2025).

2. Build Rapport and Positive Relationships

A strong teacher-student relationship is a powerful deterrent to disruptive behavior. "A positive and supportive teacher-student relationship is the cornerstone of effective classroom management. Investing time in building rapport with challenging students can significantly impact their behaviour and motivation for learning" (Sanako Blog, 2024). Greeting students at the door, showing genuine interest in their lives, and offering specific praise can foster trust and respect (Terada, 2019).

3. Design Engaging, Varied Content

Boredom often triggers disruptive behavior. "Providing a range of engaging and varied activities will keep them engaged and interested in what they're doing" (Routledge Blog, 2024). Incorporate hands-on activities, real-world connections, and student interests into lessons to channel energy productively (Defuse De-Escalation Training, 2025).

4. Pre-empt Resistance

Anticipate potential points of resistance and address them proactively. For example, involve students in decision-making, give them choices within boundaries, and explain the rationale behind rules and changes. "Providing students with choices within the established boundaries promotes a sense of autonomy and respect" (Impact Teachers, 2025).

Responding to Challenges: Reactive Strategies

1. Maintain Composure

A teacher's demeanor sets the tone for the classroom. "Modeling self-control and respect no matter the circumstances is what we do. It may be the most important trait of an effective teacher" (Cavey, 2024). Avoid reacting impulsively; instead, pause and respond thoughtfully to maintain authority and de-escalate tension (Pollack, 2025).

2. Address Concerns Directly and Privately

Public confrontations often escalate defiance. "Corrective feedback is an important part of managing behaviors, but the power really comes when that feedback is given in a private, supportive manner" (Rosen, 2022). When possible, speak with the student privately to address behavior, clarify expectations, and listen to their perspective (NASET, n.d.).

3. Foster a Collaborative Environment

Invite students to participate in problem-solving and classroom management. "When students are involved in creating classroom rules, they're more likely to respect and follow them" (Defuse De-Escalation Training, 2025). Assigning leadership roles or responsibilities can channel a student's desire for influence into positive contributions (Plevin, 2024).

4. Use Challenges as Opportunities

View disruptions as opportunities to strengthen relationships and reinforce classroom values. "Explicitly partnering with students to do the repair work, the relationship work, is where the magic happens" (Davenport, 2022). For example, after a conflict, work with the student to identify solutions and set goals for improvement.

5. Reinforce Positive Behavior

Recognize and celebrate even small successes. "Compliments communicate to students that they are seen" (Davenport, 2022). Positive reinforcement, such as verbal praise or small rewards, encourages desired behaviors and boosts student confidence (Routledge Blog, 2024).

Strategies to Avoid

Some responses, though tempting, can worsen the situation:

- **Avoiding Confrontation:** Ignoring challenging behavior may signal to the student and others that the teacher lacks authority or is unwilling to address problems (Zurlo et al., 2020).
- Taking It Personally: While it's natural to feel frustrated, personalizing the challenge can cloud judgment and escalate conflict. "It's the student who's misbehaving, not you. Stay calm and composed so that you can respond appropriately" (Routledge Blog, 2024).
- **Dismissing Student Concerns:** Failing to acknowledge legitimate student concerns can breed resentment and further resistance. Instead, listen actively and validate their feelings, even when enforcing boundaries (Davenport, 2022).

Big Takeaways: Proactive and Reactive Strategies

Examining this case study highlights several key strategies for maintaining authority in the classroom:

Proactive Strategies:

Establish clear expectations, pre-empt resistance, build rapport, and design engaging lessons.

Reactive Strategies:

Stay flexible, use challenges as opportunities for growth, and maintain a positive, composed attitude.

By employing these strategies, teachers not only regain authority but also cultivate a classroom where all students feel valued, respected, and inspired to learn.

References

Sanako Blog. (2024, June 25). Effective classroom strategies for handling challenging students. https://sanako.com/effective-classroom-strategies-for-handling-challenging-students

Davenport, M. (2022, April 1). Strategies for managing challenging student behaviors. Edutopia. https://www.edutopia.org/article/strategies-managing-challenging-student-behaviors/

Eberly Center. (n.d.). Dealing with students who behave rudely. Teaching Excellence & Educational Innovation, Carnegie Mellon University. https://www.cmu.edu/teaching/solveproblem/strat-behaverudely/behaverudely-05.html

Maag, J. W. (2009). Resistance to change: Overcoming institutional and individual limitations for improving student behavior through PLCs. Journal of the American Academy of Special Education Professionals, [Volume/Issue number], 125-143. ERIC EJ1137313.

McNerney, R. (2022, October 12). Overcoming the need for academic validation. Milligan University Stampede. https://www.milliganstampede.com/2022/10/12/overcoming-the-need-for-academic-validation/

Zurlo, M. C., Vallone, F., Dell'Aquila, E., & Marocco, D. (2020). Teachers' patterns of management of conflicts with students: A study in five European countries. European Journal of Psychology, 16(1), 112-127. https://doi.org/10.5964/ejop.v16i1.1955

Routledge Blog. (2024, December 13). From chaos to calm: Effective behaviour management strategies for the classroom. https://blog.routledge.com/education-and-training/from-chaos-to-calm-effectitve-behaviour-management-strategies-for-the-classroom/



National Association of Special Education Teachers. (n.d.). Behavior Crisis Management Tool #1. Retrieved from https://www.naset.org/fileadmin/user_upload/Classroom_Management/Series_IV/Pre-Empt_Behavior_IV_1.pdf

Rosen, B. (2022, October 25). Building positive relationships with even the most challenging students- 5 tips to help your class community. Teaching Untangled Blog. https://teachinguntangled.com/building-positive-relationships-with-even-the-most-challenging-students/

Impact Teachers. (2022, February 10). 7 ways to establish teacher's authority in the classroom. Retrieved from https://impactteachers.com/blog/7-ways-stamp-authority-classroom/

Cavey, T. (2024, January 22). 17 Powerful Quotes from Essential Truths for Teachers. LinkedIn. https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/17-powerful-quotes-from-essential-truths-teachers-tim-cavey-suvuc

Plevin, R. (2024, January 22). Classroom management strategies to avoid power struggles with students. Needs Focused Teaching.

https://www.needsfocusedteaching.com/blog/ClassroomManagementStrategiestoAvoidPowerStruggleswithStudents

Defuse De-Escalation Training. (2025, February 14). 12 Behavioral management techniques for positive learning. https://deescalation-training.com/2025/02/behavioral-management-techniques/

Pollack, J. (2025, January 10). De-Escalation strategies for challenging students. Pollack Peacebuilding Systems. https://pollackpeacebuilding.com/blog/de-escalation-strategies-for-students/

Al Models Used in Report

The ideas, structure, writing and editing in this paper were performed by the author. Various AI models were used in collecting data, verifying data, and formatting various arguments.

Al models used:

- LLama 4 Maverick
- LLaMA 2 LLM Chatbot
- · Claude 3.7 Sonnet
- Qwen 14B
- Llama 3.1 8B
- Mixtral 8x7B